



### ATEX luminaires Portfolio

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### **ATEX environment**



### What is an explosive atmosphere?

An explosive atmosphere (ATEX) is defined as the mixture of air, under normal atmospheric conditions, with flammable substances in the form of gases, vapors, mists or dusts, in which, after an ignition, the combustion spreads to the entire unburned mixture.

### Where can an explosive atmosphere be formed?

An explosive atmosphere can be formed in environments where flammable liquids or combustible dusts are used, as well as in areas where gases are formed or accumulated which, because of their temperature or condition, can cause explosions.

### Why ZALUX?

#### SAFETY

It is the priority. Electrical safety tests and completely sealed products guarantee that ZALUX luminaires are the right solution for hazardous areas where strict ATEX specifications must be met.



#### RELIABILITY

ZALUX is the European leader for luminaires with high protection ratings, specialized in the development and manufacturing of protected luminaries for more than 40 years.

#### LOW MAINTENANCE

Low failure rate of LED electrical components (< 0.2%/year) and good thermal management of ZALUX luminaires (allowing up to L80 100,000 h lifetime), implies nearly zero maintenance, keeping lighting quality during the product life.

### **ATEX - IECEX Directives**



Regulations within the explosive atmosphere sector describe what kind of protection must be used in the installed equipment and by the employees working in these environments. The most important are:

**Directive 2014/34/UE:** harmonization of the laws of the European member states relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres.

**Directive 1999/92/CE:** minimum requirements for improving safety and health protection of workers potentially at risk from explosive atmospheres.



#### Duration of hazardous Description Group Zones atmosphere Ш 0 / 20 Area in which an explosive atmosphere consisting of a mixture with air of Constant flammable substances in the shape of gas, vapour or mist, is continuously present, or it is foreseen to be present during long periods. IIB 1/21 Area in which an explosive atmosphere consisting of a mixture with air of Likely dangerous substances in the form of gas, vapour or mist is likely to occur in normal operation. IIC 2/22 Area in which an explosive atmosphere consisting of a mixture with air of Seldom dangerous substances in the form of gas, vapour or mist is not likely to occur in normal operation but, if it does occur, will persist for a short period only.

#### Summary

**ATEX Zones** 

Product	Protection	Zone	Temperature range	Emergency battery
STRONGEX 2	<ul> <li>II 3G Ex ec IIC T6 Gc</li> <li>II 3D Ex tc IIIC T85 Dc</li> <li>II 2D Ex tb IIIC T85 Db</li> </ul>	2, 21 2, 22	-35°C to +55°C	
ACQUEX	ⓑ II 3G Ex nA IIC T6 Gc ⓑ II 3D Ex tc IIIC T85 Dc IP66	2, 22	-20°C to +40°C	$\checkmark$
KRATEX	ⓑ II 2G Ex db IIC T6 Gb ⓑ II 2D Ex tb IIIC T85 Db	1, 21	-20°C to +55°C	$\checkmark$
OREX 1	<ul> <li>II 2G Ex eb mb op is IIC T5 Gb</li> <li>II 2D Ex tb op is IIIC T105 Db</li> <li>II 3G Ex ec op is IIC T5 Gb</li> <li>II 3D Ex tc op is IIIC T105 Dc</li> </ul>	1, 21 2, 22	-32°C to +55°C	
OREX 2	<ul> <li>II 3D Ex tc op is IIIC TX Dc</li> <li>II 3G Ex ec op is IIC TX Gc</li> <li>II 2D Ex tb op is IIIC TX Db</li> </ul>	2, 21 2, 22	-32°C to +55°C	



Explosion proof LED luminaires certified for use in EX-Zones according to ATEX directive

# STRONGEX 2

### Zone 2, 21 / 2, 22

 $\langle \widehat{E_{x}} \rangle$  II 3G Ex ec op is IIC T6 Gc  $\langle \widehat{E_{x}} \rangle$  II 3D Ex tc op is IIIC T85 Dc  $\langle \widehat{E_{x}} \rangle$  II 2D Ex tb op is IIIC T85 Db

> Up to 6,200lm Up to 150lm/W L80B50 100,000 h



+55℃

-35℃

### Characteristics

- High impact resistant PMMA.
- End caps in PA66 and fibreglass.
- Polyurethane gasket.
- 316L stainless steel fixing brackets.
- With ATEX cable gland or ATEX quick connector.

### Accesories

- Accesories bag STRONGER G2 SCRW for indoor.
- Junction box 2 122x120x90mm.
- Junction box 80x75x75mm.
- Connector bag PNCX.

### Applications









### ACQUEX



### Zone 2, 22

⟨Ex⟩ II 3G Ex nA IIC T6 Gc
 ⟨Ex⟩ II 3D Ex tc IIIC T85 Dc IP66

Up to 5,800lm Up to 150lm/W L80B50 up to 70,000 h





### Characteristics

- Compressed fibreglass reinforced polyester in yellow RAL 1003.
- Injected transparent diffuser in impact resistance polycarbonate with UV protection.
- Polyurethane gasket.
- Stainless steel closing clips.
- Stainless steel fixing accesories.
- With PA ATEX cable gland.
- Emergency kit available.

### Accesories

• Bag with 2 suspension triangles for ACQUEX.

### Applications









### Characteristics

- Profile: UV resistant polycarbonate IK10, or borosilicate glass IK07 (600mm) / IK09 (1200mm).
- End caps in aluminium alloy with yellow polyurethane finish in yellow RAL1003.
- 2 entries for ¾" NPT for cable gland (not included).
- NBR oil-resistant gasket.
- · Emergency kit and DALI dimming available.

### Accesories

- Eye bolts.
- Fixing omegas.
- Brass double-sealed EX cable gland.

### Applications



### Characteristics

- Casing aluminium alloy yellow RAL 1003 with surface protected agains corrosive elements.
- Hardened glass diffuser.
- Cable gland 2xM20x1.5 (M25 optional in OREX 1).
- Stainless steel eyebolt.
- Polyamide cable gland, with external cable.
- DALI optional.

### Accesories

- Brackets for wall and tube mounting.
- Connector bag PNCX.
- Junction boxes.
- EX cable glands.

### Applications



### ATEX marking

ATEX CODING



)		
$\backslash$		I
		IIA
		IIB
		IIC
/	\	Gases are cla the ignitabilit Refer to IEC/I
Gas	Dust	classification
0	20	gases and va
1	21	
2	22	
	2 here	2 22

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GAS GROUPS				
Gas Group	Representative Test Gas			
	Methane (mining only)			
IIA	Propane			
IIB Ethylene				
IIC	Hydrogen			
Gases are classified according to the ignitability of gas-air mixture. Refer to IEC/EN 60079-20-1 for classification of common gases and vapours.				

TEMPERATURE CLASS				
T Class	Maximum Surface Temperature			
T1	450°C			
T2	300°C			
Т3	200°C			

135°C

100°C

85°C

T4

Τ5

Τ6

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PROTECTION LEVEL					
Equipment Protection Level	Zone				
Ga	0				
Gb	1				
Gc	2				
Da	20				
Db	21				
Dc	22				
Ma	energised*				
Mb	De-energised*				

G= Gas, D= Dust, M= Mining \*in presence of explosive atmosphere

## €xIIIICT6GC€xIIIIIT85°CDcIP66

		ECTRICA	AL PROT	ECTION CONCEPTS		
Standard	IEC/EN	Code			Zone	
Gas	Dust	Gas	Dust	t Protection Concept		Dust
60079-0				General Requirements		
600	79-1	Ex d		Flameproof	1	
	60079- 31		Ex ta Ex tb Ex tc	Enclosure		20 21 22
60079- 2**	61241-4	Ex pxb Ex pyb Ex pzc	Ex pD	Preassurised	1 1 2	21/22
60079-5		Ex q		Powder Filled	1	
60079-6		Exo		Oil Filled	1	
60079-7		Exe		Increased Safety	1	
60079-11*		Ex ia Ex ib Ex ic	Ex ia Ex ib Ex ic	Intrinsic Safety	0 1 2	20 21 22
60079-15	þ	Ex nA Ex nR Ex nC		No-sparking Restricted breathing Enclosed break	2	
60079-18		Ex ma Ex mb Ex mc	Ex ma Ex mb Ex mc	Encapsulation	0 1 2	20 21 22

\* Recently published standard combining gas and dust requirements for the first time. \*\* Soon to be published with combined gas and dust requirements

IIIA	Combustible flyings			
IIIB	Non-conductive dust			
IIIC	Conductive dust			

#### INGRESS PROTECTION (IP)

Hazardous area equipment typically requires a minimun IP rating of IP54 but may be assessed and tested to the higher ratings below:

- DUST
- IP 5x dust protected
- IP 6x dust tight
- WATER
- IP x4 splashing water IP x5 - water jets
- IP x6 powered water jets
- IP x7 temporary immersion
- IP x8 continuous immersion

See IEC/EN 60529 for full definition of IP ratings

		MECHANI	CAL F	PROTECTION CONCE	PTS				
Standards	Code	Concept	Zone	Mechanical certification is based on a risk assessme					
EN13463- 1		general requirements		Approach. Category 3 equipment must be safe for use in norm operation. Category 2 equipment must be safe for use in norm operation and expected malfunction. Category1 equipment must be safe for use in norm operation and rare malfunction.					
EN13463- 2	fr	flow restrictions	2 22						
EN13463- 3	d	flameproof	1 21	Potencial ignition sources identified in the risk assessment are made safe by applying one or more				of	
EN13463- 5	с	constructional safety	1 21	the concepts. The number of "*" in the table below indicate the number of protection concepts which need to be applied.					
EN13463-	h	control of ignition	1		cat 3	cat 2	cat 1		
6	sources	21	normal operation	*	*	**			
EN13463- k	k liquid immersion	1 21	expected malfunction		*	**			
			rare malfunction			*			

Brochure ATEX portfolio 05-21. Data subject to change.

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